Financial Report
with Supplemental Information
June 30, 2015

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#### Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Education Novi Community School District

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Novi Community School District (the "School District" or the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Novi Community School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



To the Board of Education Novi Community School District

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Novi Community School District as of June 30, 2015 and the respective changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note I to the basic financial statements, effective July I, 2014, the School District adopted the provision of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. The School District's Unrestricted Net Position has been restated as of July I, 2014 as a result of this change in accounting principle.

#### Required Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the major fund budgetary comparison schedule, schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability, and schedule of contributions, as identified on the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Novi Community School District's basic financial statements. The other supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

To the Board of Education Novi Community School District

The other supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### **Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards**

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 19, 2015 on our consideration of the Novi Community School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Novi Community School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

October 19, 2015

## **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

This section of the Novi Community Schools' (the "School District" or the "District") annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the School District's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2015. Please read it in conjunction with the School District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

#### **Using this Annual Report**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Novi Community School District financially as a whole. The government-wide financial statements provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. The fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements look at the School District's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the School District's most significant funds - the General Fund and the 2014 Capital Projects Fund, with all other funds presented in one column as nonmajor funds. The remaining statement, the statement of fiduciary net position, presents financial information about activities for which the School District acts solely as an agent for the benefit of students and parents.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) (Required Supplemental Information)

#### **Basic Financial Statements**

Government-wide Financial Statements Fund Financial Statements

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

(Required Supplemental Information)
Budgetary Information for Major Funds
Schedule of Novi Community School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
as of the Plan Year Ended September 30, 2014
Schedule of Novi Community School District's Contributions Determined
as of the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Other Supplemental Information

## **Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)**

#### Reporting the School District as a Whole - Government-wide Financial Statements

One of the most important questions asked about the School District is, "As a whole, what is the School District's financial condition as a result of the year's activities?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities, which appear first in the School District's financial statements, report information on the School District as a whole and its activities in a way that helps you answer this question. We prepare these statements to include all assets and liabilities, using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. These two statements report the School District's net position - the difference between assets and liabilities, as reported in the statement of net position - as one way to measure the School District's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the School District's net position - as reported in the statement of activities - are indicators of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenues and expenses is the School District's operating results. However, the School District's goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits as commercial entities do. One must consider many other nonfinancial factors, such as the quality of the education provided and the safety of the schools, to assess the overall health of the School District. The statement of net position and the statement of activities report the governmental activities for the School District, which encompass all of the School District's services, including instruction, support services, community services, athletics, debt service, capital projects, and food services. Property taxes, unrestricted State aid (foundation allowance revenue), and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

#### Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds - Fund Financial Statements

The School District's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the School District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, the School District establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (e.g. the Food Service Fund) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money (such as bond-funded construction funds used for voter-approved capital projects). The governmental funds of the School District use the following accounting approach:

Governmental Funds - All of the School District's services are reported in governmental funds. Governmental fund reporting focuses on showing how money flows into and out of funds and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the operations of the School District and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School District's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation.

## **Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)**

#### The School District as Trustee - Reporting the School District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The School District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its student activity funds. All of the School District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the School District's other financial statements because the School District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The School District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

#### The School District as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table I provides a summary of the School District's net position as of June 30, 2015:

TABLE I		Governmental Activities				
	June 30					
		2015 20				
		(in mi	llions)			
Assets						
Current and other assets	\$	63.1	\$	68.0		
Capital assets		141.0		137.5		
Total assets		204. I		205.5		
Deferred Outflows of Resources		6.1		5.2		
Total assets and deferred outflow of resources		210.2		210.7		
Liabilities						
Current liabilities		14.5		9.6		
Long-term liabilities		225.8		242.8		
Total liabilities		240.3		252.4		
Deferred Inflow of Resources		7.5				
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets		57.6		53.5		
Restricted		1.5		1.9		
Unrestricted		(96.7)		(97. l)		
Total net position	\$	(37.6)	\$	(41.7)		

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)**

The above analysis focuses on the net position (see Table I). The change in net position (see Table 2) of the School District's governmental activities is discussed below. The School District's net deficit was \$37.6 million at June 30, 2015. Net investment in capital assets, totaling \$57.6 million, compares the original cost, less depreciation of the School District's capital assets, to long-term debt used to finance the acquisition of those assets. Most of the debt will be repaid from voter-approved property taxes collected as the debt service comes due. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the School District's ability to use those net assets for day to day operations. The remaining amount of net deficit (\$96.7 million) was unrestricted.

As required by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) the School District adopted GASB No. 68 and No. 71. These standards required the inclusion of the District's proportionate share of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement Plan within the District's financial statements, effective July 1, 2014. The effect of the adoption was to decrease July 1, 2014 beginning net position by \$103.4 million and the inclusion of the obligation, and related deferred inflows and outflows, in the June 30, 2015 financial statements. All governments participating in the retirement plan were required to adopt these new standards.

The \$96.7 million in unrestricted net deficit of governmental activities represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations, as well as the net pension liability at June 30, 2015. The operating results of the General Fund will have a significant impact on the change in unrestricted net position (deficit) from year to year.

The results of this year's operations for the School District as a whole are reported in the statement of activities (Table 2), which shows the changes in net position for fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014.

## **Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)**

TABLE 2	Governmental Activities			
	Year Ended June			30
		2015		2014
		(in mi	llions)	_
Revenue				
Program revenue:				
Charges for services	\$	4.8	\$	4.7
Operating grants and contributions		9.1		8.2
General revenue:				
Property taxes		36.4		35.7
State foundation allowance		39.9		38.5
Other		1.4		1.3
Total revenue		91.6		88.4
Functions/Program Expenses				
Instruction	\$	48.4	\$	46.6
Support services		24.5		21.8
Athletics		0.8		8.0
Food services		2.3		2.3
Community services		1.9		1.8
Payments to other public schools (ISDs, LEAs)		-		0.1
Interest		4.6		3.6
Debt issuance costs		0.1		0.4
Depreciation (unallocated)		4.9		4.6
Total functions/program expenses		87.5		82.0
Increase in Net Position		4.1		6.4
Net Position - Beginning of year		(41.7)	-	55.3
Impact of GASB Statement No. 68 and No. 71			1	(103.4)
Net Position - End of year	\$	(37.6)	\$	(41.7)

As reported in the statement of activities, the cost of all of our governmental activities this year was \$87.5 million. Certain activities were partially funded from those who benefited from the programs (\$4.8 million) or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$9.1 million). We paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of our governmental activities with \$36.4 million in taxes, \$39.9 million in state foundation allowance, and with our other revenues, i.e., interest and general entitlements.

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)**

The School District experienced an increase in net position of \$4.1 million primarily as a result of ongoing operations in the School District. As discussed above, the net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the state and the School District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Since property taxes for operations and unrestricted State aid constitute the vast majority of the School District's operating revenue sources, the Board of Education and administration must annually evaluate the needs of the School District and balance those needs with state-prescribed available unrestricted resources.

#### **The School District's Funds**

As we noted earlier, the School District uses funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. Looking at funds helps the reader consider whether the School District is being accountable for the resources taxpayers and others provide to it and may provide more insight into the School District's overall financial health.

As the School District completed this year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$48.9 million, which is a decrease of \$9.9 million from last year. The primary reasons for the decrease are as follows:

In the General Fund, our principal operating fund, the fund balance increased \$0.4 million to \$7.0 million. General Fund fund balance is available to fund costs related to allowable school operating purposes.

The 2014 Capital Projects Fund fund balance decreased by \$9.8 million as the School District began to significantly spend the proceeds from the voter approved bond that was issued during the 2013-2014 fiscal year.

Our Special Revenue Funds remained relatively stable from the prior years, showing a net decrease of approximately \$226,000. The food service incurred an approximate \$175,000 reduction in fund balance.

Combined, the Debt Service Funds showed a fund balance decrease of approximately \$266,000. Millage rates are determined annually to ensure that the School District accumulates sufficient resources to pay annual bond issue-related debt service. Debt Service Funds fund balances are reserved since they can only be used to pay debt service obligations.

The Capital Projects Funds (other than 2014 Capital Projects Fund) fund balance decreased as the School District continued construction related to the Sinking Fund. The School District collected \$980,000 in voter-approved sinking fund millage. This millage is available to fund specific capital projects allowed by state law and approved by the voters.

## **Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)**

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Over the course of the year, the School District revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. State law requires that the budget be amended to ensure that expenditures do not exceed appropriations. The final amendment to the budget was actually adopted just before year end. A schedule showing the School District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in required supplemental information of these financial statements.

There were significant revisions made to the 2014-2015 General Fund original budget. Budgeted revenues were increased \$2.3 million due to an unexpected change in certain categorical revenue from the state and increased federal grant awards.

Budgeted expenditures were also increased \$2.3 million to account for the increase in salaries, retirement costs and purchased professional services resulting from the School District's revised operating plan due to the fluctuations in revenue.

There were no significant variances between the final budget and actual amounts.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

#### Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2015, the School District had \$141.0 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, vehicles, furniture, and equipment. This amount represents a net increase (including additions, disposals, and depreciation) of approximately \$3.5 million, or 2.56 percent, from last year.

	2015		2014	
Land Construction in progress	\$	9,607,341 6,372,018	\$ 9,607,341 617,811	
Buildings and building improvements		164,737,318	164,425,776	
Site improvements		14,356,323	13,373,919	
Buses and other vehicles		2,923,536	3,133,691	
Furniture and equipment		6,371,546	 6,313,020	
Total capital assets		204,368,082	197,471,558	
Less accumulated depreciation		63,327,051	 59,953,962	
Net capital assets	\$	141,041,031	\$ 137,517,596	

This year's additions of \$8.4 million included vehicles, cafeteria equipment, technology, building renovations, new school construction, and buses. No debt was issued during the 2014-2015 fiscal year, for these additions.

## **Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)**

Several major capital projects are planned for the 2015-2016 fiscal year. We anticipate capital additions of approximately \$20 million in 2015-2016. We present more detailed information about our capital assets in the notes to the financial statements.

#### Debt

At the end of this year, the School District had \$114.73 million in bonds outstanding versus \$124.43 million in the previous year - a decrease of 7.80 percent. Those bonds consisted of the following:

 2015
 2014

 General obligation bonds
 \$114,725,000
 \$124,430,000

The School District's general obligation bond rating is (continues to be) AA-. The state limits the amount of general obligation debt that schools can issue to 15 percent of the assessed value of all taxable property within the School District's boundaries. If the School District issues "qualified debt," i.e., debt backed by the State of Michigan, such obligations are not subject to this debt limit. The School District's outstanding unqualified general obligation debt of \$47.4 million is significantly below this \$331.8 million statutorily imposed limit.

Other obligations include accrued vacation pay and sick leave. We present more detailed information about our long-term liabilities in the notes to the financial statements.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

Our elected officials and administration consider many factors when setting the School District's 2015-2016 fiscal year budget. One of the most important factors affecting the budget is our student count. The state foundation revenue is determined by multiplying the blended student count by the foundation allowance per pupil. The blended count for the 2016 fiscal year is 10 percent and 90 percent of the February 2015 and October 2015 student counts, respectively. The 2015-2016 budget was adopted in June 2015, based on an estimate of students that will be enrolled in September 2015. In the 2015-16 budget, the blended student count is projected to be 45 students higher than in 2014-2015. Approximately 51 percent of total General Fund revenue is from the foundation allowance. Under State law, the School District cannot access additional property tax revenue for general operations. As a result, district funding is heavily dependent on the State's ability to fund local school operations. Based on early enrollment data at the start of the 2016 school year, we anticipate that the fall student count will be slightly higher than the estimates used in creating the 2016 budget. Once the final student count and related per pupil funding is validated, State law requires the School District to amend the budget if actual district resources are not sufficient to fund original appropriations.

The 2015-2016 General Fund budget, approved by the Board of Education in June, reflects an operating surplus of \$444,399 for the year. The Board of Education has a strict goal that the combined General Fund fund balance will not fall below 10 percent of the General Fund expenditures.

## **Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)**

These are difficult financial times for Michigan school districts and their employees. However, the Board of Education, administration, staff, and union leadership are committed to the students and with providing them with an education that prepares them to compete in our global society. We will continue to work together collaboratively to reach this goal no matter what challenges and financial constraints we face.

#### **Contacting the District's Management**

This financial report is intended to provide our taxpayers, parents, and investors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the Business Office.

# Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

Assets	Governmental Activities
Cash and investments (Note 3)	\$ 7,478,622
Receivables (Note 4)	8,385,222
Inventories	43,629
Prepaid costs and other assets	1,381,520
Restricted assets (Note 5)	45,745,760
Capital assets - Net (Note 6)	141,041,031
Total assets	204,075,784
Deferred Outflows of Resources -	
Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 10)	6,136,739
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	210,212,523
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	4,903,856
Accrued payroll-related liabilities	8,367,289
Accrued interest	558,249
Due to other governmental units	235
Unearned revenue (Note 4)	660,339
Noncurrent liabilities (Note 8):	
Due within one year	11,350,576
Due in more than one year	112,401,002
Net pension liability (Note 10)	102,041,454
Total liabilities	240,283,000
Deferred Inflows of Resources -	
Deferred inflows related to pensions (Note 10)	7,519,521
Total total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	247,802,521
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	57,641,856
Restricted:	
Debt service	212,773
Capital projects	809,071
Food service	190,345
Recreation	207,437
Unrestricted	(96,651,480)
Total net position	<u>\$ (37,589,998)</u>

## Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2015

			_	Program	Rev	enue/enue	Governmental Activities
		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and ontributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Functions/Programs							
Primary government - Governmental activities:							
Instruction	\$	48,385,592	\$	295,830	\$	8,653,655	\$ (39,436,107)
Support services	•	24,538,130	•	-	,	8,802	(24,529,328)
Athletics		801,949		365,371		-	(436,578)
Food services		2,306,952		1,536,927		416,266	(353,759)
Community services		1,876,960		2,566,411		-	689,451
Payments to other public schools							
(ISDs, LEAs)		30,297		-		-	(30,297)
Interest		4,625,603		-		-	(4,625,603)
Debt issuance costs		39,999		-		-	(39,999)
Depreciation expense (unallocated)	_	4,886,629	_		_		(4,886,629)
Total primary government	<u>\$</u>	87,492,111	<u>\$</u>	4,764,539	<u>\$</u>	9,078,723	(73,648,849)
General revenue:							
	Ο.	Taxes:	•				
			V 00	, levied for ger	neral	DULDOSAS	18,452,962
				, levied for gei , levied for del			14,975,402
				, levied for det , levied for cap			980,722
				, levied for rec			1,947,751
				ricted to specif			39,852,574
				tment earning	•		130,020
				of capital assets			54,640
		Other		·			1,325,959
		Т	ota	l general reven	ue		77,720,030
	Change in Net Position					4,071,181	
	N		_	inning of year,	as		(41,661,179)
		restated (No	ie i	)			(11,001,177)
	N	et Position -	End	of year			<u>\$ (37,589,998)</u>

## Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2015

A	General Fund	2014 Capital Projects Fund	Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets Cash and investments (Note 3) Receivables (Note 4) Due from other funds (Note 7) Inventories Prepaid costs and deposits Restricted assets (Note 5)	\$ 7,478,622 8,202,419 9,152 - 1,206,520	\$ - 195,058 - - 43,668,384	\$ - 182,803 131,189 43,629 175,000 2,077,376	\$ 7,478,622 8,385,222 335,399 43,629 1,381,520 45,745,760
Total assets	\$ 16,896,713	<u>\$ 43,863,442</u>	\$ 2,609,997	\$ 63,370,152
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances				
Liabilities  Accounts payable  Accrued payroll-related liabilities  Due to other governmental units  Due to other funds (Note 7)  Unearned revenue (Note 4)	\$ 864,788 8,361,277 - 4,157 574,444	\$ 3,929,207 - - -	\$ 109,861 6,012 235 331,242 85,895	\$ 4,903,856 8,367,289 235 335,399 660,339
Total liabilities	9,804,666	3,929,207	533,245	14,267,118
Deferred Inflows of Resources -	.,,	- <b>,</b> ,	,	,,
Unavailable revenue (Note 4)	126,756		98,877	225,633
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	9,931,422	3,929,207	632,122	14,492,751
Fund Balances Nonspendable:			42.422	42.42
Inventory Prepaid costs and deposits Restricted:	1,206,520	<del>-</del> -	43,629 175,000	43,629 1,381,520
Capital projects Debt service Recreation Unassigned	- - - 5,758,771	39,934,235 - - -	809,071 771,022 207,437 (28,284)	40,743,306 771,022 207,437 5,730,487
· ·		20 024 225		
Total fund balances	6,965,291	39,934,235	1,977,875	48,877,401
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 16,896,713	\$ 43,863,442	\$ 2,609,997	\$ 63,370,152

# Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2015

Fund Balance Reported in Governmental Funds			\$ 48,877,401
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	ent		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds:  Cost of capital assets	\$	204,368,082	
Accumulated depreciation		(63,327,051)	141,041,031
Deferred outflows related to pension payments made subsequent to the measurement date			6,136,739
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the governmental funds:  Bonds payable including premiums		(123,333,410)	
Compensated absences Self-insurance claims		(354,290) (63,878)	(123,751,578)
Accrued interest payable is not included as a liability in governmental funds			(558,249)
Property taxes receivable are earned as of June 30, 2015 but the collections are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore revenue recognition			
is deferred in the governmental funds			225,633
Net pension obligations do not present a claim on current financial resources and are not reported as fund liabilities			(102,041,454)
Deferred inflows related to pension investment returns and changes in assumptions are not reported in the governmental funds			 (7,519,521)
Net Position of Governmental Activities			\$ (37,589,998)

## Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2015

Revenue Local sources	General Fund \$ 22,752,153	2014 Capital Projects Fund \$ 132,406	Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds \$ 19,646,228	Total Governmental Funds  \$ 42,530,787
State sources	43,282,509	-	85,515	43,368,024
Federal sources	1,605,097	-	416,266	2,021,363
Interdistrict sources	3,541,910			3,541,910
Total revenue	71,181,669	132,406	20,148,009	91,462,084
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction	48,289,096	-	20,500	48,309,596
Support services	20,161,302	49,987	1,557,252	21,768,541
Athletics	796,989	_	_	796,989
Food services	-	-	2,296,881	2,296,881
Community services	1,374,282	-	501,777	1,876,059
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	9,745,000	9,745,000
Interest	-	-	5,356,538	5,356,538
Other	_	_	39,999	39,999
Capital outlay	295,231	9,897,435	993,694	11,186,360
Payments to other public schools (ISDs, LEAs)	30,297	-	-	30,297
Total expenditures	70,947,197	9,947,422	20,511,641	101,406,260
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	234,472	(9,815,016)	(363,632)	(9,944,176)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from sale of capital assets	57,240	-	-	57,240
Payment to escrow agent	-	_	(3,382,466)	(3,382,466)
Transfers in	107,080	-	150,111	257,191
Transfers out	-	-	(257,191)	(257,191)
Face value of debt issued			3,340,000	3,340,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	164,320		(149,546)	14,774
Net Change in Fund Balances	398,792	(9,815,016)	(513,178)	(9,929,402)
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	6,566,499	49,749,251	2,491,053	58,806,803
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 6,965,291	\$39,934,235	\$ 1,977,875	\$ 48,877,401

# Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2015

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$	(9,929,402)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation:			
Depreciation expense  Capitalized capital outlay	\$  (4,886,629) 8,412,664		3,526,035
Governmental funds report proceeds from sale of assets as revenue; in the statement of activities, these are recorded net of carrying value of the disposed assets			(2,600)
Revenue is reported in the statement of activities when earned; they are not reported in the funds until collected or collectible within 60 days of year end			46,570
Bond proceeds provide financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of activities			(3,340,000)
Repayment of bond principal and the payment to escrow agent related to the bond refunding, are expenditures in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where they reduce long-term debt)			13,127,466
Interest expense is recorded in the statement of activities when incurred; it is not reported in governmental funds until paid			730,933
Change in pension expense related to deferred items			(110,836)
Compensated absences, as well as self-insured liability claims, are recorded when earned in the statement of activities. In the current year, more was paid out than was earned.			23,015
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		<u>\$</u>	4,071,181

# Fiduciary Funds Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

	Agency Funds
Assets - Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	<u>\$ 1,043,117</u>
Liabilities Accounts payable	\$ 8,172
Due to student groups	1,034,945
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 1,043,117</u>

## Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

#### Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Novi Community School District (the "School District" or the "District") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the School District:

#### **Reporting Entity**

The School District is governed by an elected seven-member Board of Education. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity. These criteria include significant operational financial relationships that determine which of the governmental organizations are a part of the School District's reporting entity and which organizations are legally separate component units of the School District. Based on the application of the criteria, the School District does not contain any component units.

#### **Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. All of the School District's government-wide activities are considered governmental activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenue includes (I) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes, intergovernmental payments, and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

## Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

# Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

**Government-wide Financial Statements** - The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants, categorical aid, and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position or fund balance are available, the School District's policy is to first apply restricted resources. When an expense is incurred for purposes which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, it is the School District's policy to spend funds in this order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Amounts reported as program revenue include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes and unrestricted state aid.

**Fund Financial Statements** - Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the School District considers revenue to be available if it is collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, unrestricted state aid, intergovernmental grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be available only when cash is received by the School District.

## Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

# Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The fiduciary fund statements are also reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

**General Fund** - The General Fund is the School District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the School District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

**2014 Capital Projects Fund** - The 2014 Capital Projects Fund is used to record bond proceeds or other revenue and the disbursement of invoices specifically designated for school building and site purposes. The fund operates until the purpose for which it was created is accomplished.

Additionally, the School District reports the following fund types:

**Special Revenue Funds** - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. The Food Services Fund and the Recreation Fund are the School District's only nonmajor Special Revenue Funds. Revenue sources for the Food Services Fund include sales to customers and dedicated grants from state and federal sources. The Recreation Fund is used by the School District to account for the proceeds of the restricted voterapproved millage that is to be spent on voter-approved recreation-type activities.

Any operating deficit generated by these activities is the responsibility of the General Fund.

**Capital Projects Funds** - Capital Projects Funds are used to record bond proceeds, sinking fund millages, or other revenue and the disbursement of invoices specifically designated for acquiring new school sites, buildings, equipment, and for remodeling. The funds operate until the purpose for which they were created is accomplished.

**Debt Service Funds** - The School District maintains six governmental Debt Service Funds, which are used to account for property tax and other revenue legally restricted for payment of long-term debt.

**Agency Funds** - The School District presently maintains an Agency Fund to record the transactions of student groups for school and school-related purposes. The funds are segregated and held in trust for the students.

#### Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

**Cash and Investments** - Cash and investments include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value.

## Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

# Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

**Receivables and Payables** - In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. The School District considers all receivables to be fully collectible; accordingly, no allowance for uncollectible amounts is recorded.

**Property Taxes** - Property taxes are assessed as of December 31 and the related property taxes become a lien on December 1 of the following year. These taxes are billed on July 1 for approximately 50 percent of the taxes and on December 1 for the remainder of the property taxes. Taxes are considered delinquent on March 1 of the following year. At this time, penalties and interest are assessed and the total obligation is added to the county tax rolls.

**Inventories and Prepaid Costs** - Inventories are valued at cost, on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid costs in both government-wide and fund financial statements and are accounted for using the purchases method.

**Restricted Assets** - The unspent bond proceeds and related interest of the Capital Projects Funds require amounts to be set aside for construction. These amounts have been classified as restricted assets. The cash held in the Debt Service Funds is recorded as restricted as the amounts are required to be used to make the applicable bond principal and interest payments, as they are due. The cash held in the Food Services Fund and the Recreation Fund is recorded as restricted as the amounts are required to be used to operate the School District's food service program and to operate a system of public recreation and playgrounds, respectively.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include land, buildings, equipment, and vehicles, are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the School District as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Costs of normal repair and maintenance that do not add to the value or materially extend asset life are not capitalized. The School District does not have infrastructure-type assets.

## Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

# Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Buildings, equipment, and vehicles are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and building additions	20 to 50 years
Site improvements	15 to 30 years
Buses and other vehicles	5 to 10 years
Furniture and other equipment	5 to 10 years

**Compensated Absences** - The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide financial statements consists of earned but unused sick leave benefits and termination payments. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments at normal retirement age and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon normal retirement are included.

**Long-term Obligations** - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period.

The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

**Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources** - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School District only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred outflow related to the pension plan.

## Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

# Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School District has two types of item. The first item arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, and is therefore only reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes that are not collected during the period of availability. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The second item is deferred inflows related to the pension plan.

**Fund Balance** - Fund balance classifications comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed on the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications are comprised of the following - nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

- Nonspendable: Amounts that are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted: Amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation for use for a specific purpose.
- Committed: Amounts that have been formally set aside by the Board of Education for use for use for specific purposes. Commitments are made and can be rescinded only via resolution of the Board of Education.
- Assigned: Intent to spend resources on specific purposes expressed by the Board
  of Education or Assistant Superintendent of Business and Operations, who is
  authorized by resolution approved by the Board of Education to make assignments.
- Unassigned: Amounts that do not fall into any other category above. This is the
  residual classification for amounts in the General Fund and represents fund balance
  that has not been assigned to other funds and has not been restricted, committed,
  or assigned to specific purposes in the General Fund. In other governmental
  funds, only negative unassigned amounts are reported, if any, and represent
  expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeding the amounts previously
  restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

## Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

# Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

**Use of Estimates** - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Comparative Data** - Comparative data is not included in the School District's financial statements.

**Pensions** - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. MPSERS uses the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Contribution revenue is recorded as contributions are due, pursuant to legal requirements. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized as expense when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Related plan investments are reported at fair value.

Adoption of New Standard - The Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. GASB Statement No. 68 requires governments providing defined benefit pensions to recognize their unfunded pension benefit obligation as a liability for the first time, and to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual costs of pension benefits. GASB Statement No. 71 is a clarification to GASB Statement No. 68 requiring a government to recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resources for its pension contributions, if any, made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning net pension liability. The statements also enhance accountability and transparency through revised note disclosures and required supplementary information (RSI). In accordance with the statement, the School District has reported a net pension liability of approximately \$108,491,000 and a beginning deferred outflow for pension contributions of approximately \$5,178,000 made subsequent to the September 30, 2013 measurement date, as a change in accounting principle adjustment to unrestricted net position as of July 1, 2014.

Net position at June 30, 2014	\$ 61,652,221
Net pension liability	(108,491,035)
Deferred outflow for pension contributions	5,177,635
Net position at June 30, 2014 - As restated	\$ (41,661,179)

## Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

#### Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

**Budgetary Information** - Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles and state law for the General Fund and all Special Revenue Funds, except that operating transfers have been included in the "revenue" and "expenditures" categories, rather than as "other financing sources (uses)" and that capital outlay is budgeted in other expenditure categories. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The budget document presents information by fund, function. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level. State law requires the School District to have its budget in place by July I. Expenditures in excess of amounts budgeted are a violation of Michigan law. State law permits districts to amend their budgets during the year. During the year, the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner. The School District amended budgeted amounts during the year in response to changes in anticipated revenue and spending for salaries, benefits, and other expenditures.

**Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds** - The School District did not have significant expenditure budget variances.

#### **Note 3 - Deposits and Investments**

State statutes (and the School District's investment policy) authorize the School District to make deposits in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The School District is allowed to invest in U.S. Treasury or agency obligations, U.S. government repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper rated prime at the time of purchase that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase, mutual funds, and investment pools that are composed of authorized investment vehicles. The School District's deposits are in accordance with statutory authority.

The School District has designated five banks for the deposit of its funds.

The investment policy adopted by the board in accordance with state statutes has authorized investment in bonds and securities of the United States government and bank accounts and certificates of deposits.

## Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

#### Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The School District's cash and investments are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below:

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District's investment policy requires that financial institutions be evaluated and only those with an acceptable risk level are used for the School District's deposits for custodial credit risk. At year end, the School District's deposit balance of \$10,754,077 had \$9,738,449 of bank deposits (certificates of deposit, checking and savings accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized. The School District believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, the School District evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

Custodial Credit Risk of Investments - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District's policy for custodial credit risk states that custodial credit risk will be minimized by limiting investments to the types of securities allowed by state law and by prequalifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisors with which the School District will do business using the criteria established in the investment policy. The School District did not invest in uninsured and unregistered investment securities.

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. The School District's investment policy does not restrict investment maturities, other than commercial paper which can only be purchased with a 270-day maturity. The School District's policy minimizes interest rate risk by requiring the structuring of the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; and investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the School District's cash requirements.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

#### Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

**Credit Risk** - State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The School District's investment policy does not further limit its investment choices.

At year end, the maturities of investments and the credit quality ratings of debt securities (other than the U.S. government) are as follows:

Investment	Fair Value	Maturities	Rating	Rating Organization
Michigan Liquid Asset Fund	\$ 43,668,384	N/A	AAAm	Standard & Poor's

**Concentration of Credit Risk** - The School District places no limit on the amount the School District may invest in any one issuer. The School District's policy minimizes concentration of credit risk by requiring diversification of the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized.

**Foreign Currency Risk** - Foreign currency risk is the risk that an investment denominated in the currency of a foreign country could reduce its U.S. dollar value as a result of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. State law and the School District's policy prohibit investment in foreign currency.

#### Note 4 - Receivables and Unavailable/Unearned Revenue

Receivables as of year end for the School District's individual major funds and the nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, if any, are as follows:

			١	Nonmajor		
	General Fund			Funds	Total	
Receivables:						
Taxes receivable	\$	138,425	\$	104,773	\$	243,198
Due from other governmental units		8,028,663		78,030		8,106,693
Other		35,331		=	_	35,331
Total receivables	\$	8,202,419	\$	182,803	\$	8,385,222

## Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

#### Note 4 - Receivables and Unavailable/Unearned Revenue (Continued)

Governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also report unearned revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unearned and unavailable revenue are as follows:

	Governme		
	Deferred		
	Inflow -	Liability -	
	Unavailable	Unearned	Total
Delinquent property taxes	\$ 225,633	\$ -	\$ 225,633
Student food sales	-	85,895	85,895
Summer tuition and fall school charges received prior to services			
being rendered	_	574,444	574,444
Total	\$ 225,633	\$ 660,339	\$ 885,972

#### **Note 5 - Restricted Assets**

The balances for the restricted asset accounts are as follows:

	G	overnmental Activities
Unspent bond proceeds and related interest	\$	43,668,384
Unspent Sinking Fund revenue and related interest		681,723
Unspent Recreation Fund revenue and related interest		613,420
Food Services Fund		11,211
Property tax collections for repayment of bonded indebtedness	_	771,022
Total restricted assets	<u>\$</u>	45,745,760

## Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

#### **Note 6 - Capital Assets**

Capital asset activity of the School District's governmental activities was as follows:

Governmental Activities	 Balance July 1, 2014	 Transfers	Additions	ditions Disposals		Balance June 30, 2015	
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 9,607,341 617,811	\$ - (617,811)	\$ - 6,372,018	\$	- -	\$	9,607,341 6,372,018
Subtotal	10,225,152	(617,811)	6,372,018		-		15,979,359
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Building improvements Site improvements Furniture and equipment Buses and other vehicles	 113,283,844 51,141,932 13,373,919 6,313,020 3,133,691	- 182,030 435,781 - -	129,512 546,623 58,526 1,305,985		- - - - 1,516,140		113,283,844 51,453,474 14,356,323 6,371,546 2,923,536
Subtotal	187,246,406	617,811	2,040,646		1,516,140		188,388,723
Accumulated depreciation: Buildings Building improvements Site improvements Furniture and equipment Buses and other vehicles Subtotal	 29,717,447 15,447,500 8,112,606 4,323,177 2,353,232 59,953,962	- - - - -	1,860,756 1,352,167 765,428 533,398 374,880 4,886,629	_	- - - - 1,513,540		31,578,203 16,799,667 8,878,034 4,856,575 1,214,572 63,327,051
Net capital assets being depreciated	127,292,444	617,811	(2,845,983)		2,600		125,061,672
Net capital assets	\$ 137,517,596	\$ -	\$ 3,526,035	\$	2,600	\$	141,041,031

Depreciation expense was not charged to activities as the School District considers its assets to impact multiple activities and allocation is not practical.

**Construction Commitments** - The School District has active construction projects at year end. At year end, the School District's commitments with contractors are as follows:

	Remaining Commitment
Sinking Fund 2014 Capital Projects Fund Recreation Fund	\$ 16,260 5,882,751 188,572
Total	\$ 6,087,583

## Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

#### Note 7 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances is as follows:

	<u>Func</u>	d Due From
	N	lonmajor
	Gov	vernmental
Fund Due To	Funds	
General Fund	\$	9,152
2014 Capital Projects		195,058
Nonmajor governmental funds		131,189
Total	\$	335,399

These balances result from the time lag between the dates that goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are made.

Transfers from the Recreation Fund to the General Fund were made to record the value of foregone rental income from the City of Novi.

#### **Note 8 - Long-term Debt**

The School District issues bonds, notes, and other contractual commitments to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and the acquisition of certain equipment. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the School District. Other long-term obligations include compensated absences and certain risk liabilities.

Long-term obligation activity can be summarized as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities					
Bonds	\$ 124,430,000	\$ 3,340,000	\$ 13,045,000	\$ 114,725,000	\$ 10,530,000
Plus deferred amounts - Issuance premiums	9,329,679		721,269	8,608,410	721,269
Total bonds payable	133,759,679	3,340,000	13,766,269	123,333,410	11,251,269
Other obligations	441,183	11,021	34,036	418,168	99,307
Total governmental activities	\$ 134,200,862	\$ 3,351,021	\$ 13,800,305	\$ 123,751,578	\$ 11,350,576

## Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

## **Note 8 - Long-term Debt (Continued)**

		Governmental Activities						
Years Ending			Duin sin al		l., 6 6		<b>T</b> -4-1	
June 30		_	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total	
2016		\$	10,530,000	\$	5,136,522	\$	15,666,522	
2017			11,295,000		4,682,860		15,977,860	
2018			11,290,000		4,208,784		15,498,784	
2019			10,425,000		3,733,488		14,158,488	
2020			10,890,000		3,284,988		14,174,988	
2021-2025			32,920,000		10,589,653		43,509,653	
2026-2030			16,975,000		4,818,750		21,793,750	
2031-2034		_	10,400,000	_	1,300,000	_	11,700,000	
	Total	<u>\$</u>	114,725,000	<u>\$</u>	37,755,045	<u>\$</u>	152,480,045	
Governmental A	Activities							
General obligation	n bonds consist of the f	oll	owing:					
\$26,375,000 2007 General Obligation Bonds due in annual installments of \$1,325,000 to \$2,000,000 through May 1, 2027;interest at 4.0 percent to 5.0 percent \$20,400,000							20,400,000	
\$64,360,000 2007 Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of \$4,585,000 to \$6,160,000 through May 1, 2022; interest at 4.0 percent to 5.0 percent							36,965,000	
	2 Refunding Bonds due \$1,710,000 through Ma percent						10,020,000	
\$44,000,000 2014 General Obligation Bonds due in annual installments of \$275,000 to \$3,000,000 through May 1, 2034; interest at 3.0 percent to 5.0 percent.							44,000,000	
\$3,340,000 2015 Refunding Bonds due in annual installments of \$1,080,000 to \$1,145,000 through May 1, 2018; interest at 1.37 percent.							3,340,000	
	Total bonded debt				<u>\$</u>		114,725,000	

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

#### **Note 8 - Long-term Debt (Continued)**

Other governmental activities long-term obligations include the following:

Employee compensated absences	\$ 354,290
Self-insurance	 63,878
Total	\$ 418,168

**Bond Refunding** - During March 2015, the School District issued \$3,340,000 in general obligation bonds with an average interest rate of 1.37 percent. The proceeds of these bonds were used to advance refund \$3,300,000 of the 2005 refunding bonds with an average interest rate of 5.00 percent. The net proceeds of \$3,300,000 (after payment of \$40,000 in underwriting fees, insurance, and other issuance costs) plus an additional \$82,500 of other debt fund monies were deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent and subsequently used to redeem the 2005 refunding bonds on May I, 2015. As a result, the bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for the bonds has been removed from the School District's long-term obligations. The refunding reduced total debt service payments by approximately \$194,799, which represents an economic gain of approximately \$190,088.

#### Note 9 - Risk Management

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The School District participates in the Middle Cities Risk Management Trust risk pool for claims relating to property liability and errors and omissions. The shared risk pool program in which the School District participates operates as a common risk-sharing management program for school districts in Michigan; member premiums are used to purchase commercial excess insurance coverage and to pay member claims in excess of deductible amounts. The School District is fully insured for medical benefits provided to the employees and workers' compensation. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

**Dental and Vision Insurance** - The School District is self-insured for dental and vision claims at June 30, 2015. The School District estimates the liability for dental and vision claims that have been incurred through the end of the fiscal year, including both those claims that have been reported as well as those that have not yet been reported. These estimates are recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Changes in the estimated liability for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 are as follows:

Estimated liability - Beginning of year	\$ 52,857
Net claims incurred - Including changes in estimates	11,021
Estimated liability - End of year	\$ 63,878

#### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

#### Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

**Plan Description** - The School District participates in the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS or System), a statewide, cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system governed by the State of Michigan that covers substantially all employees of the School District. The System provides retirement, survivor, and disability benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. The System also provides postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees and beneficiaries who elect to receive those benefits.

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplemental information for the pension and postemployment healthcare plans. That report is available on the web at http://www.michigan.gov/orsschools, or by writing to the Office of Retirement System (ORS) at 7150 Harris Drive, P.O. Box 30171, Lansing MI 48909.

**Contributions** - Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, required the School District to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of pension benefits of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature. Under these provisions, each School District's contribution is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance a portion of the unfunded accrued liability.

School District's contributions are determined based on employee elections. There are seven different benefit options included in the plan available to employees based on date of hire. Contribution rates are adjusted annually by the ORS.

The range of rates are as follows:

#### **School District**

July 1, 2013 - September 30, 2013	12.78% - 16.25%
October 1, 2013 - September 30, 2014	15.44% - 18.34%
October 1, 2014 - June 30, 2015	18.76% - 23.07%

Depending on the plan selected, plan member contributions range from 0 percent up to 7.0 percent of gross wages. Plan members electing into the defined contribution plan are not required to make additional contributions.

The School District's required and actual contributions to the plan for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 were \$11,131,913 and \$9,813,540, respectively. Contributions include \$3,350,829 and \$1,997,439 revenue received from the State of Michigan, and remitted to the system, to fund the MPSERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) Stabilization Rate for the year ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

#### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

# Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

**Benefits Provided** - Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statue, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan.

Depending on the plan option selected, member retirement benefits are calculated as final average compensation times years of service times a pension factor ranging from 1.25 percent to 1.50 percent. The requirements to retire range from attaining the age of 46 to 60 with years of service ranging from 5 to 30 years, depending on when the employee became a member. Early retirement is computed in the same manner as a regular pension, but is permanently reduced 0.50 percent for each full and partial month between the pension effective date and the date the member will attain age 60. There is no mandatory retirement age.

Members are eligible for nonduty disability benefits after 10 years of service and for duty-related disability benefits upon hire. Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction. The disability benefits plus authorized outside earnings are limited to 100 percent of the participant's final average compensation with an increase of 2 percent each year thereafter.

Benefits may transfer to a beneficiary upon death and are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits, but with an actuarial reduction.

Benefit terms provide for annual cost-of-living adjustments to each employee's retirement allowance subsequent to the employee's retirement date. The annual adjustment, if applicable, is 3 percent. For some members who do not receive an annual increase, they are eligible to receive a supplemental payment in those years when investment earnings exceed actuarial assumptions.

Net Pension Liability, Deferrals, and Pension Expense - At June 30, 2015, the School District reported a liability of \$102,041,454 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2014 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2013, which used update procedures to roll forward the estimated liability to September 30, 2014. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2014, the School District's proportion was 0.46329 percent, which, in the year of adoption, is unchanged from the proportion measured as of September 30, 2013.

#### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

# Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the School District recognized pension expense of \$7,305,964, exclusive of payments to fund the MPSERS UAAL Stabilization Rate. At June 30, 2015, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	of Ro Subse	ed Outflows esources equent to ement Date	Net Deferred Inflows (Outflows) of Resources as of the Measurement Date			
Changes of assumptions	\$	-	\$	(3,765,278)		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan assets Changes in proportion and differences between the School District's contributions and proportionate share of		-		11,281,224		
contributions		-		3,575		
The School District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		6,136,739				
Total	\$	6,136,739	\$	7,519,521		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ending June 30		 Amount
2016		\$ 1,842,148
2017		1,842,148
2018		1,842,148
2019		1,993,077
2020		-
Thereafter		 -
	Total	\$ 7,519,521

In addition, the contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next year.

#### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

# Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

**Actuarial Assumptions** - The total pension liability as of September 30, 2014 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2013 and rolled forward:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal cost actuarial cost method

Assumed rate of return 7.00 to 8.00 percent, net of investment and administrative

expenses based on the groups

Rate of pay increases 3.50 percent

Mortality basis RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, adjusted for

mortality improvements to 2025 using projection scale BB

The actuarial assumptions used for the September 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from October 1, 2007 to September 30, 2012. As a result of this study, the actuarial assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

**Discount Rate** - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00-8.00 percent depending on the plan option. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at contractually required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

# Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Investment Category	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity pools	28 %	4.8 %
Private equity pools	18	8.5
International equity pools	16	6.1
Fixed-income pools	10	1.5
Real estate and infrastructure pools	10	5.3
Real return, opportunistic, and absolute pool	16	6.3
Short-term investment pools	2	(0.2)
Total	100 %	

**Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate** - The following presents the net pension liability of the School District calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 - 8.00 percent, depending on the plan option, as well as what the School District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00 percentage point lower (6.00 - 7.00 percent) or 1.00 percentage point higher (8.00 - 9.00 percent) than the current rate:

1.00 Percent Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1.00 Percent Increase				
(6.00 - 7.00 Percent)	(7.00 - 8.00 Percent)	(8.00 - 9.00 Percent)				
\$ 134,538,728	\$ 102,041,454	\$ 74,670,345				

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position** - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MPSERS financial report.

**Payable to the Pension Plan** - At June 30, 2015, the School District reported a payable of approximately \$2,025,000 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2015.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

# Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) - Under the MPSERS act, all retirees participating in the MPSERS pension plan have the option of continuing health, dental, and vision coverage through MPSERS. Retirees electing this coverage contribute an amount equivalent to the monthly cost for Part B Medicare and 10 percent, or 20 percent for those not Medicare eligible, of the monthly premium amount for the health, dental, and vision coverage at the time of receiving the benefits. The MPSERS board of trustees annually sets the employer contribution rate to fund the benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. Participating employers are required to contribute at that rate. The employer contribution rate ranged from 5.52 percent to 6.45 percent of covered payroll for the period from July 1, 2014 to September 30, 2014 and from 2.20 percent to 2.71 percent of covered payroll for the period from October 1, 2014 through June 30, 2015 dependent upon the employee's date of hire and plan election as noted above. Members can choose to contribute 3 percent of their covered payroll to the Retiree Healthcare Fund and keep this premium subsidy benefit or they can elect not to pay the 3 percent contribution and instead choose the Personal Healthcare Fund, which can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Members electing the Personal Healthcare Fund will be automatically enrolled in a 2 percent employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date and create a 2 percent employer match into the employee's 403B account.

The School District's required and actual contributions to the plan for retiree healthcare benefits for the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$2,359,904, \$2,482,643, and \$3,744,832, respectively.

#### **Note II - Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements**

In February 2015, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. The requirements of this statement will enhance comparability of financial statements among governments by requiring measurement of certain assets and liabilities at fair value using a consistent and more detailed definition of fair value and acceptable valuation techniques. This statement also will enhance fair value application guidance and related disclosures in order to provide information to financial statement users about the impact of fair value measurements on a government's financial position. GASB Statement No. 72 is required to be adopted for years beginning after June 15, 2015. The School District is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted, during the School District's 2015-2016 fiscal year.

#### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

#### **Note II - Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)**

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, which addresses reporting by governments that provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) to their employees and for governments that finance OPEB for employees of other governments. This OPEB standard will require the District to recognize on the face of the financial statements its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability related to its participation in the MPSERS plan. The statement also enhances accountability and transparency through revised note disclosures and required supplemental information (RSI). The District is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for the District's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2018.



### Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original Bud	get _	Final Budget	_	Actual		ver (Under) inal Budget
Revenue							
Local sources	\$ 22,727,6	77 \$	22,688,127	\$	22,752,153	\$	64,026
State sources	41,267,2	17	43,246,407		43,282,509		36,102
Federal sources	1,698,7	94	1,864,194		1,605,097		(259,097)
Incoming transfers and other							
transactions	3,509,7	<u>42</u> _	3,654,887	_	3,706,230		51,343
Total revenue	69,203,4	30	71,453,615		71,345,989		(107,626)
Expenditures							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Basic programs	38,006,8	30	38,929,434		39,027,777		98,343
Added needs	8,728,2	66	9,327,658		9,136,370		(191,288)
Adult/Continuing education	127,8	58	145,029	_	144,368	_	(661)
Total instruction	46,862,9	54	48,402,121		48,308,515		(93,606)
Support services:							
Pupil services	4,266,2	05	4,327,641		4,235,167		(92,474)
Instructional services	4,396,4		4,657,887		4,694,655		36,768
General administration	514,9		508,076		503,313		(4,763)
School administration	3,248,1		3,450,456		3,445,992		(4,464)
Business services	930,7		838,037		800,574		(37,463)
Operations and maintenance	3,916,5		3,970,473		3,954,585		(15,888)
Transportation	1,802,3		1,862,376		1,827,709		(34,667)
Central services	869,0		981,840	_	967,271		(14,569)
Total support services	19,944,2	89	20,596,786		20,429,266		(167,520)
Athletics	782,9	38	802,052		804,837		2,785
Community services	1,333,7		1,404,665	_	1,404,579		(86)
Total expenditures	68,923,9	13	71,205,624	_	70,947,197		(258,427)
Excess of Revenue Over Expenditures	279,5	17	247,991	_	398,792		150,801
Net Change in Fund Balance	279,5	17	247,991		398,792		150,801
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	6,566,4	99	6,566,499	_	6,566,499		
Fund Balance - End of year	\$ 6,846,0	16 \$	6,814,490	<u>\$</u>	6,965,291	\$	150,801

### Required Supplemental Information Schedule of Novi Community School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System Determined as of the Plan Year Ended September 30, 2014

School District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.46329 %
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 102,041,454
School District's covered employee payroll	37,678,292
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of	
its covered employee payroll	271.00 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a % of the total pension liability	66.20 %

#### Required Supplemental Information Schedule of Novi Community School District's Contributions Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System Determined as of the Year Ended June 30, 2015

\$ 7,781,084
7,781,084
-
37,383,521
20.81 %

#### **Note to Pension Required Supplemental Information Schedules**

**Benefit Changes** - There were no changes of benefit terms in 2015.

Changes in Assumptions - There were no changes of benefit assumptions in 2015.

## **Other Supplemental Information**

		Spe	cial	Revenue Fu	unds		Debt Service Funds					
<b>A</b> ssets	Cafeteri Fund	a 	R	Secreation Fund		Total	20	005 Debt Fund		2007 efinanced Debt Fund	2	.007 Debt Fund
Assets												
Receivables	\$ 78,0		\$	11,979	\$	90,009	\$	-	\$	46,640	\$	14,830
Due from other funds	<b>4</b> , I			-		4,157		-		-		-
Inventories	43,6			-		43,629		-		-		-
Prepaid costs and deposits	175,0					175,000		· · ·		- 		<u>-</u>
Restricted assets	11,2	<u> </u>	_	613,420		624,631	_	12,356	_	63,438	_	422,746
Total assets	\$ 312,0	27	<u>\$</u>	625,399	<u>\$</u>	937,426	<u>\$</u>	12,356	<u>\$</u>	110,078	<u>\$</u>	437,576
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances												
Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$ 29.5	40	\$	80.321	\$	109.861	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Accrued payroll-related liabilities	φ 27,3 6,0		Ψ	-	Ψ	6.012	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_
Due to other governmental units		35		_		235		_		_		_
Due to other funds	-			326,297		326,297		_		_		_
Unearned revenue	85,8	95		-		85,895		-		-		-
Total liabilities	121,6	82		406,618		528,300		-		-		-
Deferred Inflows of Resources -												
Unavailable revenue			_	11,344	_	11,344	_	-	_	43,543	_	14,021
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	121,6	82		417,962		539,644		-		43,543		14,021
Fund Balances												
Nonspendable:												
Inventory	43,6	29		-		43,629		-		-		-
Prepaid costs and deposits	175,0	00		-		175,000		-		-		-
Restricted:												
Capital projects	-			-		-		-		-		-
Debt service	-			-		-		12,356		66,535		423,555
Recreation	-			207,437		207,437		-		-		-
Unassigned	(28,2	84)	_		_	(28,284)	_		_	-	_	-
Total fund balances	190,3	45	_	207,437	_	397,782		12,356	_	66,535	_	423,555
Total liabilities, deferred												
inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 312,0	27	\$	625,399	\$	937,426	\$	12,356	\$	110,078	\$	437,576

### Other Supplemental Information Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2015

			Debt Serv	vice F	unds				Capital Projects Fund		
Ref	2012 inanced bt Fund	2	014 Debt Fund		2015 efinanced ebt Fund	_	Total	Siı	nking Fund		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
\$	14,699 - - - - 105,773	\$	3,764 - - - - !!!,653	\$	7,287 - - - - 55,056	\$	87,220 - - - - 771,022	\$	5,574 127,032 - - - 681,723	\$	182,803 131,189 43,629 175,000 2,077,376
\$	20,472	<u>\$</u>	115,417	<u>\$</u>	62,343	<u>\$</u>	858,242	<u>\$</u>	814,329	<u>\$</u>	2,609,997
\$	- - - -	\$	- - - 4,945 -	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - 4,945 -	\$	- - - -	\$	109,861 6,012 235 331,242 85,895
	-		4,945		-		4,945		-		533,245
	14,166	_	3,764		6,781	_	82,275	_	5,258	_	98,877
	14,166		8,709		6,781		87,220		5,258		632,122
	- -		- -		<del>-</del> -		- -		- -		43,629 175,000
	- 106,306 - -		- 106,708 - -		- 55,562 - -	_	- 771,022 - -		809,071 - - -	_	809,071 771,022 207,437 (28,284)
	106,306		106,708		55,562	_	771,022		809,071		1,977,875
\$ 1	20,472	\$	115,417	\$	62,343	\$	858,242	\$	814,329	\$	2,609,997

	Spe	ecial Revenue Fur	nds	D	ls	
	Cafeteria Fund	Recreation Fund	Total	2005 Debt Fund	2007 Refinanced Debt Fund	2007 Debt Fund
Revenue						
Local sources	\$ 1,740,214	\$ 1,947,111	\$ 3,687,325	\$ 1,272,534	\$ 7,642,638	\$ 2,349,297
State sources	85,515 416,266	-	85,515 416,266	-	-	-
Federal sources	410,200		410,200		· ——	<del></del>
Total revenue	2,241,995	1,947,111	4,189,106	1,272,534	7,642,638	2,349,297
Expenditures						
Current:		20 500	20 500			
Instruction Support services	- 109,567	20,500 1,025,968	20,500 1,135,535	- 7,819	36.338	10,279
Food services	2,296,881	1,023,766	2,296,881	7,017	-	10,279
Community services	-	501,777	501,777	_	_	_
Debt service:		,	,			
Principal	=	-	-	1,100,000	6,025,000	1,275,000
Interest	-	-	-	137,500	1,963,550	975,688
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	10,449	343,038	353,487			
Total expenditures	2,416,897	1,891,283	4,308,180	1,245,319	8,024,888	2,260,967
Excess of Revenue (Under) Over						
Expenditures	(174,902)	55,828	(119,07 <del>4</del> )	27,215	(382,250)	88,330
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Payment to escrow agent	_	_	_	_	_	_
Transfers in	_	_	_	_	12.573	_
Transfers out	-	(107,080)	(107,080)	(136,637)	´-	(5,620)
Face value of debt issued		-				
Total other financing (uses) sources	_	(107,080)	(107,080)	(136,637)	12,573	(5,620)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(174,902)	(51,252)	(226,154)	(109,422)	(369,677)	82,710
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	365,247	258,689	623,936	121,778	436,212	340,845
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 190,345	\$ 207,437	\$ 397,782	\$ 12,356	\$ 66,535	\$ 423,555

#### Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2015

							Capital		
		Debt Serv	vice Funds			Pr	oject Fund		
									Total
	2012		2015						Nonmajor
F	Refinanced	2014 Debt	Refinanced					G	overnmental
_	Debt Fund	Fund	Debt Fund		Total	Si	nking Fund	_	Funds
\$	1,826,223	\$ 1,887,753	\$ 489	\$	14,978,934	\$	979,969	\$	19,646,228
	-	-	-		-		-		85,515
_				-		_	-	_	416,266
	1,826,223	1,887,753	489		14,978,934		979,969		20,148,009
									20.500
	- 6,25 <del>4</del>	300	-		60,990		- 360,727		20,500 1,557,252
	- 0,23	-	-		-		300,727		2,296,881
	-	-	-		-		-		501,777
	1 345 000				0.745.000				0.745.000
	1,345,000 504,000	1,775,800	-		9,745,000 5,356,538		-		9,745,000 5,356,538
	JU <del>1</del> ,000	1,775,600	39,999		39,999		_		39,999
	-				-		640,207		993,694
	1,855,254	1,776,100	39,999		15,202,527		1,000,934		20,511,641
	(29,031)	111,653	(39,510)	١	(223,593)		(20,965)		(363,632)
	-	=	(3,382,466)		(3,382,466)		-		(3,382,466)
	-	-	137,538		150,111		-		150,111
	(2,909)	(4,945)	-		(150,111)		-		(257,191)
_	-	-	3,340,000		3,340,000		-	_	3,340,000
_	(2,909)	(4,945)	95,072		(42,466)		-		(149,546)
	(31,940)	106,708	55,562		(266,059)		(20,965)		(513,178)
	138,246	_			1,037,081		830,036	_	2,491,053
\$	106,306	\$ 106,708	\$ 55,562	\$	771,022	\$	809,071	\$	1,977,875

		2007 General Obligation Bonds 2007 Refunding Bonds								20	012 Refunding Bonds
Years Ending			_								
June 30		_	Principal	_	Interest	_	Principal	_	Interest	_	Principal
2016		\$	1,325,000	\$	924,688	\$	6,075,000	\$	1,662,300	\$	1,710,000
2017			1,375,000		871,688		6,135,000		1,358,550		1,695,000
2018			1,425,000		816,688		6,160,000		1,051,800		1,675,000
2019			1,500,000		759,688		4,725,000		743,800		1,650,000
2020			1,575,000		684,688		4,670,000		554,800		1,645,000
2021			1,650,000		617,750		4,615,000		368,000		1,645,000
2022			1,775,000		547,626		4,585,000		183,400		· · ·
2023			1,875,000		458,876		-		-		-
2024			1,925,000		365,126		-		-		-
2025			1,975,000		268,876		-		-		-
2026			2,000,000		180,000		-		-		-
2027			2,000,000		90,000		-		-		-
2028			-		_		-		-		_
2029			-		-		-		-		-
2030			-		_		-		-		_
2031			_		_		-		-		-
2032			-		_		-		-		_
2033			-		-		-		-		-
2034			-		-		-		-		
	Total principal	<u>\$</u>	20,400,000	\$	6,585,694	\$	36,965,000	<u>\$</u>	5,922,650	\$	10,020,000
	Principal payments due		May I				May I				May I
					May I and				May I and		
	Interest payments due			١	November I			١	November I		
	Interest rate				4% - 5%				4% - 5%		
	Original issue	\$	26,375,000			\$	64,360,000			\$	13,530,000

### Other Supplemental Information Schedule of Bonded Indebtedness Year Ended June 30, 2015

2012 Refunding 2014 School Building and Site														
	Bonds	Bonds			2015 Refunding Bonds					Totals				
_	Interest	Principal Interest		Interest	Principal		_	Interest		otal Principal	Total Interest			
\$	450,200	\$	275,000	\$	2,049,000	\$	1,145,000	\$	50,334	\$	10,530,000	\$	5,136,522	
	381,800		975,000		2,040,750		1,115,000		30,072		11,295,000		4,682,860	
	314,000		950,000		2,011,500		1,080,000		14,796		11,290,000		4,208,784	
	247,000		2,550,000		1,983,000		-		-		10,425,000		3,733,488	
	164,500		3,000,000		1,881,000		-		-		10,890,000		3,284,988	
	82,250		2,575,000		1,761,000		-		-		10,485,000		2,829,000	
	-		2,575,000		1,658,000		-		-		8,935,000		2,389,026	
	-		2,575,000		1,555,000		-		-		4,450,000		2,013,876	
	-		2,575,000		1,426,250		-		-		4,500,000		1,791,376	
	-		2,575,000		1,297,500		-		-		4,550,000		1,566,375	
	-		2,575,000		1,168,750		-		-		4,575,000		1,348,750	
	-		2,600,000		1,040,000		-		-		4,600,000		1,130,000	
	-		2,600,000		910,000		-		-		2,600,000		910,000	
	-		2,600,000		780,000		-		-		2,600,000		780,000	
	-		2,600,000		650,000		-		-		2,600,000		650,000	
	-		2,600,000		520,000		-		-		2,600,000		520,000	
	-		2,600,000		390,000		-		-		2,600,000		390,000	
	-		2,600,000		260,000		-		-		2,600,000		260,000	
_	-	_	2,600,000	_	130,000	_	-	_	-	_	2,600,000	_	130,000	
\$	1,639,750	\$	44,000,000	\$	23,511,750	\$	3,340,000	\$	95,202	\$	114,725,000	\$	37,755,045	
			May I											
	May I and		, .		May I and				May I and					
	November I				November I			1	November I					
•								•						
	4% - 5%				3% -5%				1.37%					
		\$	44,000,000			\$	3,340,000							